Beat: Business

TAX REVENUES RISE SLIGHTLY BUT BELOW OECD LEVELS IN LATIN AMERICA AND CARRIBBEAN

TAX TO GDP RATIO AT ECLAC

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USPA NEWS - atin America and the Caribbean: Tax revenues rise slightly but remain well below OECD levels Despite a continuing slowdown in economic growth, tax revenues in Latin American and Caribbean (LAC) countries rose slightly in 2014, as a proportion of national incomes, according to new data.

Latin America and the Caribbean: Tax revenues rise slightly but remain well below OECD levels

Despite a continuing slowdown in economic growth, tax revenues in Latin American and Caribbean (LAC) countries rose slightly in 2014, as a proportion of national incomes, according to new data from the annual Revenue Statistics in Latin America and the Caribbean publication. The average tax-to-GDP ratio for LAC countries rose from 21.5% in 2013 to 21.7% in 2014, compared with 21.4% in 2012 and 20.8% in 2011.

The report, produced jointly by the Inter-American Centre of Tax Administrations (CIAT), the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC), the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB), the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) and the OECD's Development Centre includes 22 LAC countries. It was launched today during the XXVIII Regional Seminar on Fiscal Policy, held at ECLAC headquarters in Santiago, Chile.

Although tax-to-GDP ratios are increasing across the LAC region, the report highlights that the 21.7% average is still well below the corresponding 34.4% OECD average in 2014.

Countries with higher levels of GDP per capita are more likely to have higher tax-to-GDP ratios, which help to fund investment in infrastructure, education and social services. This relationship is generally reflected in the data presented in the report, as well as in the gap between the LAC and OECD average tax-to-GDP ratios. Widespread levels of informality amongst both firms and workers and higher tax breaks within the LAC region also contribute to the gap. The report stresses that there is scope for further tax base broadening, as well as measures to modernise tax policy and administration to support domestic resource mobilisation, as GDP per capita grows across the region.

The report shows a wide variation across countries. The tax-to-GDP ratios in LAC countries range from 12.6% (Guatemala) and 14.1% (Dominican Republic) to 32.2% (Argentina) and 33.4% (Brazil).

The share of taxes collected by sub-central governments is small in most LAC countries and has not increased, reflecting relatively small taxing powers compared with the same levels of government in OECD countries, according to the report.

These substantial reductions in government revenues from non-renewable natural resources which are not classified as taxes, and therefore are not included in the tax-to-GDP ratios. Mining revenues were similarly affected by the decrease in commodity prices, causing these revenues to fall by 0.1 percentage point of GDP in 2014. The estimated drop for 2015 is expected to be similar to that in 2014. In some countries, increases in mining production coupled with currency depreciations have resulted in relatively stable non-tax revenues. On the other hand, corporate income tax revenues in the sector have fallen sharply as profit margins tightened.

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